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New Year's Greetings

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Comrade KIM IL SUNG Exchanges New Year's Cards with Leaders of Various Countries

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, exchanged New Year's cards with the leaders of various countries on the occasion of the New Year 1970.

Ushering in the New Year 1970, Comrade **Kim Il Sung** received New Year's cards from Comrade **Y. Tsedenbal,** First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the People's Republic of Mongolia, and Comrade **Z. Sambu,** President of the Presidium of the Grand People's Hural of the Mongolian People's Republic.

Comrade **Kim Il Sung** also received New Year's cards from **Houari Boumedienne,** Chairman of the National Council of Revolution of Algeria and Premier of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic, **Julius K. Nyerere,** President of the United Republic of Tanzania, **Ne Win,** Chairman of the Revolutionary Council of the Union of Burma, and **Indira Gandhi,** Prime Minister of the Indian Republic.

Comrade **Kim Il Sung** sent New Year's cards to them.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun,** President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade **Fidel Castro Ruz,** First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party and Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba and Comrade **Osvaldo Dorticos Torrado,** President of the Republic of Cuba, on the occasion of the 11th anniversary of the victory of the Cuban Revolution, the national holiday of the Cuban people, and the New Year 1970.

✦ Ushering in the New Year of 1970, Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Sanzo Nosaka,** Chairman of the Central Committee of the Japan Communist Party.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received a telegram of New Year's greetings from Comrade **Santiago Calillo,** General Secretary of the Spanish Communist Party.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received a telegram of greetings from **Reidar T. Larsen,** Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Norway, on the New Year.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung,** General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received a telegram of greetings from **C.H. Hermansson** of the Left Party Communists of Sweden, on the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Noureddine Atassi,** Head of State and Prime Minister of the Syrian Arab Republic, on the occasion of the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Gamal Abdel Nasser,** President of the United Arab Republic, on the occasion of the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged New Year's messages with **Ahmad Hassan Al-Bakr,** President of the Republic of Iraq, seeing in the New Year 1970.

✦ Seeing in the New Year 1970, Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Salem Rubaia Ali,** Chairman of the Presidential Council of the People's Republic of Southern Yemen.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Ahmed Sekou Toure,** President of the Republic of Guinea, on the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Moussa Traore,** Head of State, Prime Minister of the Government and Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation of the Republic of Mali, on the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Mohamed Siad Barre,** President of the Supreme Revolutionary Council and Prime Minister of the Somali Democratic Republic, on the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Jean-Bedel Bokassa,** President of the Republic of Central Africa, on the occasion of the New Year 1970.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of New Year's greetings with **Abdul Rahman Al Eriani,** President of the Republican Council of the Yemen Arab Republic.

(Continued on Page 2)

Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives DRV Ambassador to Korea

Comrade Kim Il Sung received on January 7 Le Thiet Hung, Ambassador of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam to Korea, who paid a courtesy call prior to his return home at the recall of his country.

Ho Dam, First Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, was present there.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a friendly talk with the ambassador.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives

Letters and Telegrams from Various Countries

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, received from many countries messages and telegrams exposing and condemning the fascist suppression and brutal, atrocious murder of members of the United Revolutionary Party by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and expressing firm solidarity with the just anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people.

The message from Ahmed Abdul Sarar Al-Jawari, Chairman of the Teachers' Trade Union of the Republic of Iraq, wrote:

We extend the highest honour and gratitude to you Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the great Leader of revolution and the outstanding anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist fighter, who have always led the Korean people to victory, glory, happiness and prosperity taking upon yourself the destiny of the fatherland and the nation for 40-odd years up to date since you, born into a revolutionary family, started the revolutionary struggle in your early years, who show the world revolutionary people the road of struggle and give them a conviction of victory.

The U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy of the Korean people, and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are now committing more frantically the unheard-of bloody repression of South Korean revolutionaries and patriots, while ceaselessly kicking up a frenzied racket of new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, in a desperate attempt to save their crumbling colonial fascist rule over South Korea from serious crisis by starting a criminal aggressive war.

These atrocities of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi homicidal band are an unpardonable challenge to the just struggle of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots to accomplish the historical cause of the South Korean revolution and national unification and an intolerable insult to the honest-minded people of the whole world who value justice.

The entire members of the Teachers' Trade Union of the Republic of Iraq cannot repress a surging indignation at the brutal, atrocious murder and fascist repression of Mr. Kim Jong Tae and his comrades-in-arms by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

We express firm solidarity with the just struggle of the South Korean people who are waging an indomitable struggle, upholding the revolutionary ideas of the great Leader Premier Kim Il Sung, and resolutely denounce the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their suppression of South Korean revolutionaries and patriots.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique should cancel at once all unwarranted, fascist "sentences" passed on South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people and unconditionally release them and the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops must withdraw without delay from South Korea taking their lethal weapons with them.

With no desperate moves can the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique block the advance of the South Korean revolutionaries and the patriotic people who are valiantly fighting for the realization of the independent unification of the divided fatherland, for the day of glory when they will lead a happy life under the wise guidance of the respected and beloved Leader and for the brilliant future when they will greet a new morning of socialism in the beautiful three thousand-*ri* land of Korea.

We are firmly convinced that the heroic Korean people who inherited the glorious revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors who had boasted of being the "strongest" in the world in the past three-year Fatherland Liberation War will certainly achieve the historical cause of national unification.

For the unification of Korea, the final victory of the Korean revolution and for the victory of the world revolution and the national-liberation movement, we sincerely wish good health and a long life to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolution.

The telegram from President Kamel Zoheiry, Vice-President Sami Daoud and General Secretary Salah Hafez, of the Press Syndicate of the UAR, wrote:

We believe that the foolish traitors of Seoul who ventured to murder Kim Jong Tae and forced the South Korean people by every means to send their sons to shambles of South Vietnam will suffer the same defeat as all the puppets and stooges of the world do.

We Arab and the UAR journalists have always stood firmly by the Korean people who are fighting to oppose the interference of the United States in South Korea and stop all sorts of espionage acts and provocations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

We assure you of our full support to your efforts to build a new, prosperous, democratic, unified, socialist and peaceful Korea.

The letter sent by Salim Balfaki on behalf of the Committee for the Execution of the Resolutions of the Yemeni Students' Preliminary Conference pointed out:

We send this letter to you, the great Leader, to condemn the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys who continuing the suppression of the South Korean people, committed an atrocity of murdering a patriotic leader of South Korea and hatch one plot after another against the South Korean revolution, and to express solidarity with the just struggle of the South Korean revolutionaries and people.

We are convinced that the oppressed people of the world including the friendly South Korean people will win a victory along the Marxist-Leninist ideology and under the leadership of you who are developing scientific ideas.

The telegram from the attendants of the mass meeting held in Baghdad of Iraq to protest against and denounce the fascist repression and atrocious murder of South Korean revolutionaries and patriots by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique wrote:

With a surging indignation at the brutal repression and atrocious murder of the ardent revolutionary fighters of South Korea including the late Kim Jong Tae, a fighter, by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, we resolutely condemn the criminal acts of the rascals.

We also express firm solidarity with the struggle of the North and South Korean people under the leadership of the great fighter Comrade Kim Il Sung and extend full support and encouragement to the just struggle of the Korean people for the country's unification and the liberation of South Korea and for the building of a new society.

(Continued from Page 1)

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with King **Mahendra Bir Bikram Shah Deva** of the Kingdom of Nepal on the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Lee Kuan Yew**, Prime Minister of the Republic of Singapore, on the occasion of the New Year 1970.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah**, Emir of State of Kuwait, on the occasion of the New Year 1970.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Hussein the First**, King of the Hashemite Kingdom of the Jordan, on the occasion of the New Year 1970.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Seewoosagur Ramgoolam**, Prime Minister of Mauritius, on the occasion of the New Year 1970.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **William Vacanarat Shadrach Tubman**, President of the Republic of Liberia, on the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Leopold Sedar Senghor**, President of the Republic of Senegal, on the New Year 1970.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of New Year's greetings with **Charles Helou**, President of the Republic of Lebanon.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri**, Chairman of the Revolutionary Council and Prime Minister of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, on the 14th anniversary of the independence of the Sudan, the auspicious national holiday of the Sudanese people, and the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **El Hadj Ahmadou Ahidjo**, President of the Federal Republic of Cameroons, on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of independence, the national holiday of the Cameroons people, and the New Year.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **Yassir Arafat**, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, on the occasion of the New Year 1970.

✦ **The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea** sent a telegram of greetings to the **Central Committee of the Communist Party of Norway** on the New Year.

✦ **The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea** sent a telegram of New Year's greetings to the **Central Committee of the Left Party Communists of Sweden.**

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **Gamal Abdel Nasser**, President of the United Arab Republic, replying to his telegram of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of the 13th anniversary of "Victory Day" of the UAR people in the Port Said battle.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Ne Win**, Chairman of the Revolutionary Council of the Union of Burma, on the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the independence of Burma.

FOR THE FREEDOM AND LIBERATION OF THE PEOPLE

The Love Associated with 50 Packs of Powdered Venison

Li Ul Sol

Having got out of contact with the Headquarters in the autumn of 1940, the small unit led by Comrade O Baek Ryong was undergoing all sorts of hardships, while striving to locate the Headquarters. At that time we were operating under the personal command of Comrade Commander. So we were well aware how much anxious Comrade Kim Il Sung was about the missing unit and how much he troubled himself to discover its whereabouts.

A Korean saying goes, "He who feels for his parents as much as half of the love he receives from them can be a filial son." And, I must say that the love of Comrade Commander towards his men is deeper and warmer than the love of parents towards their sons.

For I have so far much experienced it from him and witnessed many an instance in the course of my revolutionary activities under the direct teachings and warm care of Comrade Commander.

I am not going to write all the facts now, for there are too many to numerate.

I will confine myself to only one thing that happened in the autumn of 1940.

In those days, Comrade Commander had sent out many small units, among them being Comrade O Baek Ryong's, to different regions and he was leading only several orderlies and the members of machine-gun squad. I was then one of the machine-gunners. Those comrades operating away from the Headquarters were undergoing great hardships at that time, and the Headquarters was suffering no less hardships, operating with such a small number of men in the Holung area where the enemy troops were concentrated. Even under such a difficult situation, Comrade Commander, while taking care of us young orderlies and members of the machine-gun squad, was anxious about the safety of the men of the small units operating in various areas. He had sent out contact men to those units and lost sleep awaiting any tidings.

One day a sad news came in: a contact man dispatched to an appointed place for contact with the small unit of Comrade O Baek Ryong fell in an action with an enemy "punitive force" before discharging his mission.

Thus, communication was cut off between the Headquarters and the small unit.

It caused great anxiety to Comrade Commander. Looking at his clouded face, we felt very sorry.

After that, too, Comrade Commander endeavoured much to locate Comrade O Baek Ryong's small unit, sending out contact men several times in all directions. But each time contact men went in vain.

It was often the case with the guerilla units that when they failed, like the above case, to keep contact with each other at the designated place on time, it would cause an irretrievable after-effect.

So, as days went by, the troubled face of Comrade Commander gloomed all the more.

In his face we could read the unconquerable love and worries, deeper than those of a mother who is quite uneasy about her missing child whose whereabouts is unknown.

Of course, people would feel much easier if they have tidings between them, no matter whatever sufferings and dangers they may be going through. But, it is natural that if there are no tidings whatsoever between separated ones, it will give rise to all misgivings conceivable.

Comrade Commander was so much anxious about the guerillas of Comrade O Baek Ryong's small unit that he could neither sleep soundly at night nor take meal as usual.

One day when we were about to leave the camp near Chechangtzu, Comrade Commander ordered us to bury provisions and brand-new winter clothes underground where we had built a bonfire.

We did not know why, but we began to bury those things underground after carefully packing them up for protection against damage. We thought he meant it for coming back there again. But, just at that moment Comrade Commander said, half to himself:

"...Those comrades are sure to come back. As they have been operating in a small unit, they must have been in tatters and starving badly...."

Hearing it, we felt a lump in our throats.

How could we fathom the depth of the fatherly care of Comrade Commander who instructed us to bury, for the missing small unit members, rice and clothings at the place where we had made a bonfire! In the old days many Korean mothers, concerned about their sons who were out and whose return was unknown, would spare for them rice, one *hop* by one *hop*, out of the small stock of rice on hand. But their feelings and love, I think, cannot match those of Comrade Commander!

Our hearts were too full for words. We buried the rice and clothings in silence and left there reluctantly.

As we were operating in a small unit in the area northeast of Mt. Paekdu-san where the enemy concentrated all its strength to "extirpate" the guerilla units, we had to face dangers and difficulties at every step.

Not on a few occasions had we to break through the enemy's encirclement with a hard-fought battle, and often we had to skip our meals for days.

Hungry as we were, we never minded it. But, we felt anguish and heartache and could not bear them out when we failed to serve meals even to Comrade Commander for days.

We hoped to run into a wild beast. It was our desire to serve meals to Comrade Commander at any cost. And, one day, we happily came across a big deer.

I tried to take aim at the deer but, exhausted from hunger, I felt it difficult to do so. When I gathered strength, I could see it, but in a moment my eyes blurred and only something black danced before my eyes.

Yet, I chased the game with all nerves, and shot it dead at last.

The deer was unusually a big one, and three of us, though exhausted with hunger, managed to barely carry the carcass to our camp. We hurriedly prepared for meat soup; it was a long while since we had eaten it.

We were very much delighted in the hope that we would be able to live on venison for some days.

As a matter of fact, the mere sight of the deer made us feel satiated, as we shot it after we had missed meals for days.

When the supper was ready, we sat around Comrade Commander in front of the tent and waited for him to start with his meal first.

"I wonder where Comrade O Baek Ryong and his men are now and whether they go with a meal!..." Comrade Commander said as if to himself. He was sunk in contemplation a while. Taking even a bowl of soup he felt sorry for his missing men. His warm love moved our hearts deeply. After a while, Comrade Commander instructed us to dry up and meal all the remainder of venison.

When the supper was over we at once sliced venison into pieces and spitted them with twigs of bush clover to dry them up by the bonfire. The slices having been parched, we made meal of them and were about to put all the meal in a bag.

Seeing it, Comrade Commander told us not to pack the whole lot in a bag but to divide it equally into 50 shares or so and pack them in paper.

We made packs in which we put equally divided venison as ordered by him, but we wondered why.

(Why does he instruct us to divide and wrap it separately instead of packing it all in a bag, which we think proper? What is he instructing it for?)

With such a feeling, we took a dubious look at the face of Comrade Commander even after making the packs.

Now that they were prepared, Comrade Commander gave one pack to each of us and, putting the remaining 50 packs before him, let one of us bring a writing brush.

We stood around Comrade Commander and watched the point of the brush in his hand with anxiety and curiosity to know what he would write.

Comrade Commander wrote on the packs one by one the names of the members of the small unit which was out of contact with us.

Reading inwardly the name being jotted down on each pack one after another, we were choked with emotion and our hearts warmed to tears unconsciously. When he had written the 50 names, Comrade Commander called me and said:

"You keep packs of powdered venison and give them to Comrade O Baek Ryong's small unit when we meet with it...."

A lump came into my throat and I could not utter a word.

Even in such a difficult condition he did not forget each of the guerillas from whom he could hear nothing, holding them as dear as his own children and personally wrote the name of each guerilla on the respective packs to let them reach the small unit members without fail.

Is there anything comparable to the deep love of Comrade Commander and can the love be measured?

We were told the members of Comrade O Baek Ryong's small unit that was going about to locate the Headquarters were moved to tears by the warm-heartedness of Comrade Commander who saw the food and clothes were kept underground at the camping ground. But they might have not even imagined what deep import packs of powdered venison prepared for them had.

Sons and daughters, however dutiful they may be, fail to fully appreciate the deep love of their parents. So, who could appreciate even to a slight degree the warm love and care of Comrade Commander?

Overwhelmed by the heart-warming emotion I took a solemn pledge: (Comrade Commander! I will remain faithful with all devotion on one road of the revolution directed by you, keeping the happiness and honour of being your revolutionary soldier!) Then I carefully put into the knapsack the priceless 50 packs of venison which could not be compared even with the most valuable things in the world.

They contained no more than two bowls of powdered venison, but can one compare the value of the deep solicitude and warm love imbued in them with thousand and tens of thousands of pounds of gold and their depth and height with sea and mountain!

It is thanks to that warm love and solicitude of Comrade Commander and his warm hand stretched to us, that we all have grown up into genuine revolutionaries and full-fledged communists.

It is thanks to that love and solicitude that the members of Comrade O Baek Ryong's small unit could locate the Headquarters in the end in defiance of such a bloody struggle, starvation and exhaustion.

In those difficult days when Comrade O Baek Ryong's small unit was undergoing a great deal of hardships throughout the winter, going through fire and crossing the death lines, the Headquarters, too, was suffering great hardships.

We had to negotiate the mountains in Holung fighting the enemy which pursued us almost every day. At times we lived on air for days.

We often fell down with hunger and had to go through the enemy's gun-fire and were threatened with death. But, even at trying moments we kept the packs of powdered venison with the utmost care.

Difficult as the circumstances were, Comrade Commander always called our attention to the packs and occasionally asked us to dry them in the sun and keep them clean.

Even in such a difficult and complex situation endangering our lives Comrade Commander thought of the small unit members with great concern and was sure that they would return without fail under any and all circumstances. And our Korean People's Revolutionary Army found its invincible

(Continued on Page 3)

(Continued from Page 2)

might in the very love and faith of Comrade Commander.

Whenever I recollect the time when I carried in my knapsack the 50 packs I always think of his lofty ideas enshrined in them.

The 50 packs of powdered venison contained no more than a small amount for one meal, but unfathomable was his deep concern hidden therein.

While carrying them on our back, we always looked up to Comrade Commander and felt in the bones that the comrades of the small unit were breathing and fighting by us and did not forget even a while that we were in the revolutionary ranks which were closely rallied with the great revolutionary idea and will of Comrade Kim Il Sung who leads us always to victory.

The 50 packs served as a mental food that silently educated us in revolutionary obligations and welded us together firmly in ideology and will.

Only thanks to such unity achieved by the loyalty to Comrade Commander, revolutionary obligation and unbreakable comradeship, we could display so great strength as to tide over any storm and stress.

Today, as in those days, Comrade Kim Il Sung has deep love for his inferiors and the revolutionary masses, leading them along the road of revolution.

Whenever he visits any factory and village, Comrade Premier never fails to call on the boarding houses or the dwellings of the workers and co-op farmers and personally finds solution for knotty problems. When he comes down to the units of the People's Army he carefully looks after the life of soldiers, inspecting their sleeping-quarters and mess halls minutely.

(Are the leading functionaries of our factories, enterprises and co-operative farms, or the commanding personnel of the People's Army units concerned about, with such a warm heart as his, the workers, co-op farmers and soldiers, taking a warm care of them now?) When I ask myself in this way I feel the pangs of conscience.

In accordance with the teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, we must strive all the more to rally our revolutionary ranks steel-strong around the Leader.

"Premier KIM IL SUNG Is the Genuine Leader of the People Who Works Sharing Sweets and Bitters with Them"

South Korean People Express Deep Adoration of the Leader

Today the South Korean people express unbounded admiration for the high virtues and lofty popular style of work of Comrade Kim Il Sung who infinitely loves and values the people and boundlessly respect and revere him.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, out of the intense love for the fatherland and the people, organized and led the sanguinary anti-Japanese armed struggle for the restoration of the fatherland and the freedom and liberation of the people over a long period of 15 years, personally weathering through the snow-storm raging over the Manchurian wilderness. After the restoration of the fatherland the Leader has devoted all his energy to the work of building up a new, prosperous country, a paradise where the people enjoy a happy life.

The South Korean people, therefore, say in unison:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung is the benevolent father who administers the affairs of state for the people and confers great benefits on them."

With regard to his warm love and solicitude for the people they remark:

"The warm love and great solicitude of Premier Kim Il Sung baffle all description and defy all comparison—a high mountain or the deep sea."

The South Korean people greatly admire the lofty virtues of Comrade Kim Il Sung who showed deep affection for the people and the guerillas even in the arduous days when he was smiting robber Japanese imperialism, holding aloft the torchlight of the anti-Japanese armed struggle during the dark period of Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

Having studied the "Reminiscences of the Anti-Japanese Guerillas," the South Korean people say:

"General Kim Il Sung, though busy in commanding the army in the battles against the Japs, found time to drop in at a peasant's house in a mountain, looked around his room and kitchen, discussed about the household matters as about his own and gave the peasant money in sympathy with his hard life and bed-ridden son. Later, the General sent him a horse essential for farming. Where else on earth is there such a personage?

"Today the fellow countrymen in the northern half can enjoy a happy life, since he looks after every aspect of their life. True, General Kim Il Sung is the father of all people.

"Premier Kim Il Sung is the great father, the merciful sun, who directed primary concern to our ill-clad, hunger-stricken people, while fighting the Japs for the liberation of the country overcoming all sufferings and tribulations.

"The people boundlessly respected and held dear General Kim Il Sung and fought in perfect unity with the guerillas as Marshal Kim Il Sung and the guerillas led by him cherished and loved the people.

"General Kim Il Sung carried a race of *Sansam* for years without using it for himself even when his health failed, and furnished it to his ailing man. I learned that the anti-Japanese guerillas valued Commander Comrade Kim Il Sung above themselves at any time and at any place and vice versa, and this brought them a victory in their struggle."

Deeply impressed by the "Paternal Love" in the book "For Freedom and Liberation of the People," a South Korean inhabitant said:

"General Kim Il Sung saw that even a sheet of blanket for his own use was put over his man. His warm affection earned him the boundless respect of the guerillas and made it possible to gain every battle. The love of Premier Kim Il Sung is so warm and deep that it is incomparable with the sun or the sea."

The great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, his lofty revolutionary spirit and high virtues made the anti-Japanese guerillas fight through thick and thin to carry out his orders and the people aid them with might and main and thus led the 15-year-long anti-Japanese armed struggle to a victory.

The South Korean people, saying that Comrade Kim Il Sung who personally organized and led the heroic armed struggle against Japanese imperialism leads the people, cherishes and loves them and carries on a government for them as their genuine Leader today too, remark:

"General Kim Il Sung who fought against the Japs with arms in hands now assumes the helm of the state affairs. It's quite natural, therefore, that things should go well. The people of the southern half, too, should enjoy the leadership of General Kim Il Sung if they want to live a decent life."

True, Comrade Kim Il Sung, in the days after the liberation too, set it as the supreme principle of the Party and Government in all their activities to enhance the people's living standard, and has devoted his all to that end. He shares sweets and bitters with the people, always finding himself among them, and looks after their life down in details with paternal care.

Well informed of such facts, the South Korean people say in admiration for the high virtues and popular style of work of the benevolent, affectionate Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung:

"Premier Kim Il Sung is the genuine Leader of the people who works sharing sweets and bitters with them. Today the northern half owes its development into an advanced country entirely to the wise leadership of the tender-hearted Premier Kim Il Sung."

"Great indeed is General Kim Il Sung.

"There is not a place where General Kim Il Sung has not set foot in the northern half, whether it is factory or farm village. One can rarely find in the world such a benevolent, warm-hearted personage as he."

A South Korean inhabitant expressed his impression of the Korean documentary film entitled "On-the-spot guidance given by Comrade Kim Il Sung to the Taean Electrical Machine Factory:"

"The Premier of a country looks around the workers' hostel and even tastes their food, out of a deep concern for them. What else would give a greater happiness to the toiling masses than this?

"The Premier pays a visit to a factory to look carefully after the workers' life and give detailed guidance to its work. So it is natural that things should go well and the workers should make a good job of it in unity as taught by him."

Another South Korean inhabitant made a remark when he saw pictures showing Comrade Kim Il Sung giving on-the-spot guidance in a rural area:

"I felt warm tears welling up in my eyes when I saw the pictures showing Premier Kim Il Sung visiting a farm village hidden deep among mountains, where he shakes hands with the peasants and discusses the farm work with them.

"I think the signal development of the countryside in the northern half owes entirely to the wise leadership of the tender-hearted Premier Kim Il Sung.

"Indeed, Premier Kim Il Sung is the great Leader held dear and respected not only by the fellow countrymen in the northern half but also by the entire people in

(Continued on Page 4)

Comrade KIM IL SUNG's Strategic and Tactical Lines on S. Korean Revolution and National Unification

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, gave all-round elucidation to our Party's strategic and tactical lines on the South Korean revolution and national unification in his report at the Conference of the Workers' Party of Korea, his Ten-Point Political Programme of the D.P.R.K. Government and his report at the 20th anniversary celebration of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Our Party's strategic and tactical lines on the South Korean revolution and national unification advanced by Comrade Kim Il Sung, serve as a guiding compass that clearly shows the path to be followed by our people in their revolutionary struggle, and as a powerful ideological and theoretical weapon that firmly guarantees the nation-wide victory for the Korean revolution.

The tasks of the South Korean revolution and national unification stem from the specific features of the Korean revolution, and both of them are revolutionary tasks for winning its final victory. These tasks are closely interlinked.

The national unification in our country is the unification that presupposes the South Korean revolution. It does not simply aim to reunite the split territory and nation but to establish an advanced social system like in the northern half.

The revolution in South Korea breaks out due to the contradictions within the South Korean society itself. But it is by no means separated from the all-Korea revolution, nor is it merely for the development of the South Korean society itself. It is a part of one and the same Korean revolution aimed at realizing national unification and accomplishing the national-liberation revolution and socialist revolution on a nation-wide scale. It serves not only for solving the contradictions of the South Korean society but also for accomplishing the cause of national unification.

From this it follows that the cause of national unification cannot be brought to a successful conclusion without carrying out the revolution in South Korea and that in order to accelerate national unification, the South Korean revolution should be actively pushed ahead.

This does not mean that they come under the same category.

The struggle for national unification which stems from objective conditions of the territorial division and national split aims at attaining the territorial integrity and national unification under the banner of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; the South Korean revolution which originates in the national and class antagonism of South Korea sets it as its own task to settle the contradictions in South Korea.

From such difference, the South Korean revolution and national unification have their own strategy and tactics different from each other, though both boil down to one revolutionary task—to accomplish the Korean revolution on a nation-wide scale.

1) Strategic and Tactical Lines on National Unification Set Forth by Comrade KIM IL SUNG

The unification of the country is the supreme national task of our people.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The supreme task set before the Korean people at present is to liquidate the colonial system maintained by the U.S. imperialists in South Korea, accomplish the national-liberation revolution and realize the country's unification." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 523.)

The Korean people have been suffering from the split of the nation for more than 20 years owing to the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their aggressive policy.

The split of Korea places immense obstacles in the way of the co-ordinated development of our country, and it brings immeasurable misfortunes and calamities

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(Continued from Page 3)

South Korea."

The South Korean people say that all the epoch-making changes that have taken place in the northern half are ascribable entirely to the wise guidance of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, his high virtues and his warm love for the people.

A South Korean inhabitant said: "Sagacious indeed is the leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung. Without the pre-eminent leadership of the Premier are unthinkable the prosperity and development of the northern half of the Republic and the new worthy happy life there."

Regarding it as the greatest honour to live looking up to Comrade Kim Il Sung as the sun of the nation, the South Korean people are now waging an unflinching struggle even in the cauldron of fascist repression, to hasten the day of national unification when they will live in the bosom of the Leader.

A South Korean inhabitant said: "I regard it as the greatest honour to have as the Leader of the nation Premier Kim Il Sung whom the world people admire. Never before I've felt my heart swelling with a great pride in being a Korean as today."

A South Korean youth voiced his fierce determination to fight on for the Leader:

"Premier Kim Il Sung is our sun and our banner. The 40 million people are indebted to him for taking breath and growing up steadily, and it is thanks to him that Korea keeps advancing and the revolution triumphs. Therefore, I deem it my greatest happiness and unbounded pleasure to devote my life to the struggle for the Leader."

Another South Korean inhabitant had this to say:

"Though the American brutes and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique closely watch us and intensify the suppression of us, I will fight on for the northern half of the Republic and Premier Kim Il Sung with a redoubled courage. I'll become a soldier true to him without fail by devoting myself to the struggle against the American rascals and their lackeys."

The burning desire of the South Korean people is sure to be realized, a desire to enjoy freedom and happiness in a unified country under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our people.

All Are Out to Capture the Heights of the Seven-Year Plan

☆

Flames of Socialist Emulation Rise Fiercely

The flames of a socialist emulation for meeting the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea in October this year with a high political zeal and shining labour successes are fiercely rising in Chollima Korea in an atmosphere seething with the spark-flying labour struggle of the working people.

The Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea which will be of tremendous significance in the history of our Party and people will take stock of the great successes made by our people in revolution and construction after the Fourth Congress of the Party and open a bright prospect for developing our revolution onto a higher stage.

Today our working people are filled with the firm determination to capture with flying colours all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan, a grandiose programme of socialist construction, before the Fifth Congress of the Party, and convert our country from a socialist industrial-agricultural state into a developed, mighty socialist industrial state.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught us:

"The entire working people should work in a more revolutionary way without slackening their high revolutionary spirit in the least and make the best use of the economic basis already laid and all potentialities of production to step up production and construction, thereby further expediting the fulfilment of the Seven-Year Plan."

Upholding this teaching of the Leader, the entire working people have risen up as one in a fierce socialist emulation to fulfil the 1970 national economy plan and scale the high eminence of the Seven-Year Plan before the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The first torch of socialist emulation this year was raised by the steel makers of the Kangson Steel Works, "the birthplace of Chollima."

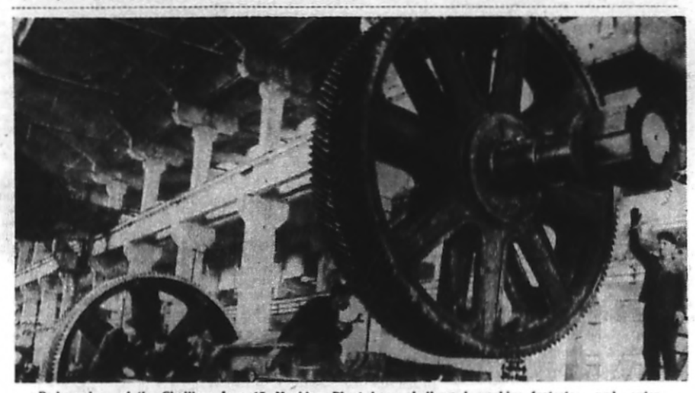
The steel makers of the Chollima Kangson Steel Works held a meeting of active trade union members at the close of last year, at which the attendants resolved to scale the steel height of the Seven-Year Plan and carry out with credit this year's national economy plan of the steel works before the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and called upon all factories and enterprises throughout the country to launch a socialist emulation.

They set themselves the goal of fulfilling the yearly plan before the Fifth Congress of the Party and surpassing the production target for the end of the Seven-Year Plan in all indices and overshooting by the end of the year the yearly plan by 25 per cent in steel, 18 per cent in steel slab, 14 per cent in rolled steel, 20 per cent in seamless steel pipe and welded pipe and 24 per cent in wire rope.

In the wake of the appeal of the steel makers for a socialist emulation, the flames of an inter-branch socialist emulation began rising forcefully in all domains of the national economy.

Appeals for socialist emulation were made respectively by the workers of the power station where Comrade Ryang Yong Gon works in the field of power industry, the Red miners of the ore mine where Comrade Kim Yun Yong works in the field of mining industry, the colliers of the Chollima colliery where Comrade Chang Dong Yun works in the field of coal industry, the machine builders of the Chollima June 15 Machine Plant and the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory in the field of machine-building industry, the workers of the Kim Jong Tae Electrical Locomotive Factory among the railway factories, the workers of the April 17 Fertilizer Factory in the field of chemical industry, the Red weavers of the January Textile Mill in the field of textile industry and the workers of the forestry office where Comrade Li Chol Nam works in the field of forestry.

Calling for a socialist emulation the working people evinced their resolve, first of all, to arm themselves more firmly with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the unitary ideology of our Party, and establish the revolutionary trait of carrying out his orders to the end, courageously going through fire and water.



Red workers of the Chollima June 15 Machine Plant have challenged machine factories and enterprises throughout the country to a socialist emulation, resolved to fulfil their yearly plan before the Fifth Congress of our Party. They are now making innovations in production Photo by Kim Bong Un

They also laid emphasis on further enhancing the political and ideological zeal and intensifying the technical innovation movement to ensure an uninterrupted high tempo in the growth of production.

The workers of the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory declared that they would incorporate more than 1,800 technical innovation proposals into production to honour this year's national economy plan for the factory before the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The workers of the Kim Jong Tae Electrical Locomotive Factory also made up their mind to multiply more than 240 single purpose machines and machine tools through a mass technical innovation movement and create a new norm, more than 40 per cent higher than last year's, in every unit by introducing over 1,250 technical innovation proposals into production.

The Red miners of the ore mine where Comrade Kim Yun Yong works decided to push tunnelling over three years ahead of hewing by waging a high speed tunnelling movement for tunnelling 250 metres a month.

The working class of our country is performing new miracles one after another in all parts, with the resolve to increase production efficiency two to three times in all branches by raising high the flames of the great revolutionary upsurge.

From the first shift of the New Year, the working people of our country are successfully translating into practice their resolve to meet the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with a high political zeal and brilliant labour successes by vigorously dashing forward in the spirit of Chollima, in the "a-match-for-a-hundred" spirit.

Li Jung Dae

Chollima Factories Advance in the Van of Grand Chollima March

The Chollima factories of our country are vigorously advancing in the van of the grand Chollima march to meet the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea to be held in October this year, with a high political zeal and brilliant labour successes.

The title of Chollima factory is awarded to a factory whose entire workers have armed themselves firmly with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, the dnitary ideology of our Party, and overfulfilled their yearly plans every year and many work teams won the titles of Chollima work team or twice Chollima work team. At present there are over 50 Chollima factories in our country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught us:

"The Chollima riders should effect a new leap and create new miracles without interruption in all domains of the national economy by making continued innovation and continued advance and keep a great revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction by spurring on the grand Chollima march."

Bearing deep in mind this programmatic teaching of the Leader, the workers of the Chollima factories in our country are burning with the firm determination to capture with flying colours all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan, a grand programme of socialist construction, earlier than other factories before the Fifth Congress of our Party by keeping this year, too, the spirit of Chollima and the "a-match-for-a-hundred" spirit with which they finished their yearly plans ahead of schedule last year by displaying an indomitable fighting spirit. The workers of the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory, the Chollima June 15 Machine Plant and many other Chollima factories are performing miracles in increasing productivity two to three times, taking a high pride in having won the honourable title of Chollima factory, under the revolutionary slogan "There is no fixed rated capacity for us. What the Party and the Leader demand is our rated capacity and norm."

With the determination to finish this year's plan, set 50 per cent higher than last year's, before the Fifth Congress of our Party, the workers of the June 15 Machine Plant wrought a miracle of heightening their work tempo two to four times in the first battle of the New Year.

They are vigorously waging a labour struggle with the same vim and vigor, with which they manufactured in a few months a large-size turning lathe and press which had been regarded to take two or three years in the past, holding high the revolutionary banner of self-reliance. New records and new norms are being created in succession in all production processes and battle units including electric hearth, forging, welding and processing.

The members of the Chollima boring work team of the plant who finished their yearly plan before the end of August last year overfulfilled the first day assignment of the New Year by 150 per cent in the morning.

Such success is an expression of the infinite loyalty of the machine builders determined to live up to the deep trust and expectation of the respected and beloved Leader who called their plant a heroic factory which inherited the revolutionary traditions.

Workers of the textile mill where Comrade Chon Ho Son works effect innovation in textile production Photo by An Myong Sok

The workers of the Chollima Taean Electrical Machine Factory are fulfilling their daily plans at over 150 per cent. They challenged the machine builders throughout the country to a socialist emulation with the resolve to carry out their yearly plan and capture the high eminence of the Seven-Year Plan before the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Especially, they are making a new leap in production by giving fuller play to the advantages of the great Taean work system, a most superior form of socialist economic management ipitiated by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The workers of the Chollima Honoured Disabled Soldiers Resin Daily Necessaries Factory where Comrade Li Yong Il works surpassed by more than 50 per cent the first battle plan of the New Year, set far higher than last year's.

The honoured disabled soldiers there have overshot their plan every year in the past 16 years since they proceeded to the labour front with the honour of being true revolutionary soldiers of the Leader, and already fulfilled the Seven-Year Plan with credit. They are now creating new records and new norms from the first battle of the New Year with the determination to carry out this year's plan before the Fifth Congress of our Party and win the honourable title of guard factory.

Sin Hong Gun and other honoured disabled soldiers who mowed down U.S. imperialist aggressors in the battle on the river Rakdong-gang and battles on heights 351 and 1211 in the past Fatherland Liberation War are carrying out their daily commitments over two times to hit their bold target this year.

In this way our honourable Chollima factories are vigorously advancing towards the high eminence of the Seven-Year Plan, helping each other and pulling each other along and setting an example for all other factories, in the van of the grand Chollima march under the communist slogan "One for all, all for one."

Kim Jong Sin

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particularly to the South Korean people. They are now in rags and suffering from hunger due to double and treble exploitation and oppression by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, undergoing the national calamities never known before.

As long as the half of the country is kept under the U.S. imperialist aggressors' occupation and the country remains partitioned, our people cannot live in peace even for a day and the people in South Korea cannot extricate themselves from the present sad plight.

To liberate South Korea and realize the country's unification is the most pressing national task set before our people today, and, at the same time, it is an indispensable prerequisite to the promotion of a final victory of the Korean revolution.

Unless this national task is accomplished, it is impossible for us to push ahead with the Korean revolution in a unified way and win a final victory of the revolution.

Basic Line of National Unification

With regard to the basic line of the country's unification, the supreme national task of our people, Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The basic line of national unification maintained all along by the Government of our Republic is to unify the North and South by the Korean people themselves independently on democratic principles without any interference of outside forces following the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea." ("The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," p. 84.)

This programme is a most fair and realistic one acceptable to anyone who is really desirous of peaceful unification of Korea.

The question of Korea's unification is a question of restoring the unification of the artificially divided territory. It is neither an issue of an international dispute nor a question of relations with other nations, but an internal affair of the Korean nation. The interference of outside forces in the internal affairs of a nation constitutes an outrageous infringement upon the right to national self-determination. The U.N. or any other outside forces have no right whatever to meddle in this.

Nevertheless, the U.S. imperialists are still illegally occupying South Korea, meddling wantonly in the domestic affairs of our people and hindering the unification of Korea in every possible way.

The occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists is the basic obstacle in the way of our country's unification.

So long as the U.S. imperialist aggressor army is allowed to remain in South Korea, the intervention of outside forces cannot be removed, nor can the unification of Korea realized.

To force the U.S. imperialist aggressor army out of South Korea is a prerequisite to the solution of the question of Korea's unification.

There is no ground whatsoever for the U.S. imperialists to occupy South Korea nor is there any excuse for justifying it.

The U.S. imperialist aggressor army should quit South Korea without delay, and the question of Korea's unification be left to the Korean people themselves.

This is the only reasonable way to the solution of the question of Korea's unification.

Three Revolutionary Forces for National Unification

Clarifying the basic line on national unification reflecting the firm national consciousness of independence of the entire Korean people, Comrade Kim Il Sung put forward the strategic line for its implementation—the line of strengthening the three revolutionary forces.

Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out:

"It can be said that the unification of our fatherland and the country-wide victory of the Korean revolution depend, after all, on the preparation of three major forces.

"Firstly, to further strengthen our revolutionary base politically, economically and militarily by successfully building socialism in the northern half of the Republic;

"Secondly, to strengthen the revolutionary forces in South Korea by politically awakening and closely uniting the people in South Korea;

"Thirdly, to strengthen the unity of the Korean people with the international revolutionary forces." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 239.)

The strategic line set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung is a sagacious line based on his scientific prevision of an arduous and complex character of the Korean revolution that is confronted with U.S. imperialism, the chieftain of international reaction, the line that leads national unification and the Korean revolution confidently to a victory by maturing the internal and external factors in the revolution alike.

Elucidated in this line is our Party's firm *Juche*-motivated stand that we should strengthen solidarity with the international revolutionary forces on the basis of reinforcing our internal forces which consist of the revolutionary forces in North and South Korea. Also clearly embodied in this line is the proletarian internationalist stand of our Party that strives to make a contribution to the world revolution by successfully carrying on the Korean revolution and, at the same time, to ensure a victory in the common cause of opposing U.S. imperialism by strengthening solidarity with the international revolutionary forces.

In strengthening the three revolutionary forces for national unification our Party attaches the fundamental importance to reinforcing the internal forces of the Korean people.

The Workers' Party of Korea and Korean people are masters of the Korean revolution; our own internal forces are the decisive factor in its victory.

With a clear insight into the complex situation created in our country after liberation, Comrade Kim Il Sung already advanced a scientific strategic line of building the northern half of the Republic into a revolutionary democratic base and reinforcing it so as to solve the question of the country's unification with the internal forces of our nation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"Since the first days of the seizure of power, our Party has waged a struggle to convert the northern half into a reliable base of the Korean revolution by accelerating the revolution and construction in the liberated, northern half of the country to the utmost in conformity with the lawful demands of social development and, at the same time, by building up powerful internal revolutionary forces there." (Ibid., pp. 196-97.)

Comrade Kim Il Sung's line on building a democratic base is a line which developed the Marxist-Leninist theory on the revolutionary base clarified by him in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and his priceless experiences gained in the course of establishing guerilla base areas to suit the new situation created after liberation; it is the wisest line that firmly guarantees a nation-wide victory for the Korean revolution.

It is a firm *Juche*-motivated revolutionary line and a thoroughgoing anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist one, that is, to build, as the first step, the already-liberated northern half of the country into a powerful revolutionary base under the circumstances where the occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism rendered it impossible to carry on the revolution on a nation-wide scale and in a unified way, and, relying on this, to assist the South Korean revolution and strengthen the revolutionary forces in South Korea and thus drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and attain national unification and a nation-wide victory of the revolution by strategic combination of the revolutionary forces in the two areas with the revolutionary forces of the northern half playing the leading role.

On the basis of Comrade Kim Il Sung's line on the revolutionary democratic base, our Party has attached great importance to pushing ahead dynamically with the revolution and construction in the northern half to reinforce it in every possible way politically, economically and militarily and, at the same time, to strengthening the revolutionary forces in South Korea.

The revolutionary forces in South Korea are a component part of the internal forces for the Korean revolution and play an important role in hastening the great event of national unification and attaining it.

The cause of the country's unification will be successfully accomplished only when the South Korean people groaning under the oppression by U.S. imperialism and its stooges rise up in the revolutionary struggle together with the people in the northern half.

Particularly in view of the fact that the northern half of the Republic, our revolutionary base, has now been built into an invincible force, the country's unification and the nation-wide victory for the Korean revolution depend largely on how we strengthen the revolutionary forces in South Korea.

Only when the entire people in the North and the South, with strengthened revolutionary forces in South Korea, put up a more vigorous anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle and smash the nation-splitting policy pursued by the U.S. imperialists is it possible to attain the national unification and nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution.

To strengthen solidarity with the international revolutionary forces on the basis of building up the powerful internal forces of our own is of great significance in attaining the country's unification and nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution.

The international revolutionary forces, a component part of the three revolutionary forces, are the international forces that are to assist us in our struggle for the country's unification and Korean revolution.

U.S. imperialism is not only target No. 1 of the Korean people in their struggle but also the common enemy of the world people.

Therefore, only when solidarity with the international revolutionary forces is strengthened and a joint struggle waged against U.S. imperialism is it possible to isolate and weaken the scoundrels not only in Korea but also in all parts of the world and hasten their downfall.

That is why our Party pays a serious attention to strengthening and developing solidarity with the international revolutionary forces while reinforcing the internal forces of our revolution in every possible way.

Prospects of National Unification

Comrade Kim Il Sung clearly put forward the strategic line on organizing the forces for the national unification and nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution and, at the same time, with a scientific insight into the prospects of national unification, saw to it that our Party and people made full preparations for actively coping with any possible event.

It is a consistent desire of our Party and the Government of our Republic to unify the country in a peaceful way, and they have made every sincere effort to this end.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"Our Party and the Government of our Republic are consistent in their efforts for the peaceful settlement of the Korean question. We have no intention of marching south, we have no intention to solve the question of Korean unification by force of arms." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. III, p. 403.)

The consistent stand of the Government of the Republic on solving the question of Korea's unification in a peaceful way conforms fully with the desire of the Korean people and their national interests, and it mirrors the peace-loving and patriotic stand of the Government of the Republic.

Our programme for national unification never rules out the struggle against the U.S. imperialists; it has nothing in common with any "compromise" with the enemy of the nation or with the "theory" on what is called "peaceful transition" of the social system.

Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out:

"The peaceful unification of the country is unthinkable so long as U.S. imperialism and its stooges are allowed to remain in South Korea. The peaceful unification of our country can be attained only after the present puppet regime is overturned and the progressive forces seize power in South Korea." ("The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," pp. 84-85.)

As for the prospects for national unification, there is a possibility for attaining it in a non-peaceful way along with a peaceful way as mentioned above.

The main target of our revolution is U.S. imperialism, the ringleader of aggression and war.

The U.S. imperialists are feverishly striving to ignite a new war of aggression in their attempt to find a way out of their crumbling position, and particularly in recent years they aggravate tension in Korea to the extreme.

Owing to this there has been created a grave situation in Korea in which a war may break out at any moment.

We do not want war, but are never afraid of it.

Should the U.S. imperialists ignite another war in Korea, we will convert it into a decisive moment for liberating South Korea and realizing the country's unification and will surely wipe out the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and attain a nation-wide victory for the Korean revolution.

As seen from above, Comrade Kim Il Sung gave a scientific elucidation to the concrete strategy, tactics and possibilities on the national unification and nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution, and thus gave our Party and people a firm conviction of victory, making it possible for them to make thorough preparations for meeting a decisive hour of the revolution.

(To be Continued)

Li Hyon Ik

A Year Marked by Fierce Anti-U.S. Imperialist Revolutionary Struggle

Brief Review of International Situation in 1969

Seeing out the year of 1969, the last year of the 1960's which is of great historical significance in the development of our revolution and world revolution, we saw in the year of 1970 with bright prospects of more vigorous struggle and fresh victories.

The great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"Ours is an age of great struggle, an age of revolutionary storms, when a fierce class struggle is being waged on a world-wide scale, when all the exploited peoples and the oppressed nations on the globe have come forward to struggle for liberation. Imperialism is going to its ruin; socialism and communism are triumphing on a world-wide scale."

The 1960's was a period of epoch-making significance in the development of world revolution, particularly of the revolutionary movement for national liberation. In 1960's the flames of the national-liberation struggle swept across the three continents like wild-fire and it won a great victory, defeating the imperialists and colonialists headed by the U.S. imperialists; the world socialist forces, a decisive factor in the development of the history of mankind, grew stronger and the revolutionary struggle of the working class against the exploitation and oppression by capital further mounted.

The U.S. imperialists who were put on the downhill due to an ignominious defeat sustained in the past Korean war were hopelessly driven ever deeper into the morass of ruin in the 1960's.

The year of 1969, the last year of the past decade, was a year when the world revolutionary peoples in Asia, Africa and Latin America and the rest of the world won new victories in their anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle, a year when the imperialist forces headed by U.S. imperialism suffered telling blows from within and without.

Thus, the year of 1969 was a year that decorated the 1960's, an age of struggle and an age of revolutionary storms, with new great victory.

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The international events that took place in the 1960's clearly substantiated the correctness of the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, his anti-imperialist revolutionary ideas and his brilliant theories on the revolution and construction.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the pre-eminent Marxist-Leninist, gave an elucidation to the most correct Marxist-Leninist lines and methods to be adopted by our people in hastening the victory of the cause of building socialism and communism, and by the world people in their revolutionary struggle to accelerate the downfall of imperialism led by U.S. imperialism and win a victory in the struggle for peace, democracy, national independence and socialism, on the basis of a wealth of his practical experiences accumulated in the course of leading our people in the revolution and construction for over 40 years and of the generalization of diverse experiences gained by the world peoples in their struggle.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also gave a perfect scientific and theoretical exposition of the questions of principle arising in the course of building socialism and communism —the question of the dictatorship of the proletariat and the transition period, the line of building an independent national economy, the Chongsan-ri spirit and Chongsan-ri method, the Taean work system, the theses on the socialist rural question, the line of carrying on economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel, the line of properly combining the political and ideological unity of the masses of the people with the class struggle under socialism, the line of revolutionizing and working-classizing the whole society and some theoretical problems of the socialist economy and so forth.

More, Comrade Kim Il Sung clarified in an all-round way the revolutionary principles and methods of achieving the unity of the socialist countries and cohesion of the international communist movement and the strategic and tactical lines of intensifying the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle and the national-liberation struggle on a world-wide scale. Particularly, he clearly set forth the basic strategy of the world revolution on directing the spearhead of struggle to U.S. imperialism, the new strategic and tactical line on the people making revolution joining efforts to dismember the U.S. imperialists and finishing them off and the line of fighting against the allies of U.S. imperialism.

All these brilliant lines, strategy and tactics and scientific theories which were clarified by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung gave the most explicit and correct Marxist-Leninist answers to the questions whose solution was urgently required by the present times.

That is why the world revolutionary peoples have long since looked up to Comrade Kim Il Sung as the "outstanding Marxist-Leninist of our era," "one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolutionary movement" or as the "radiant red sun of the world revolution", putting their absolute trust in him and voicing their greatest admiration for him.

Highly appraising Comrade Kim Il Sung's brilliant works and documents reflecting his great revolutionary ideas as "'Communist Manifesto' of the mid-20th century" that illumines the path ahead in the world revolution, as "documents of the highest level in theoretical and practical respects at the present times" or "brilliant and great guide to action that lights up the path ahead in the world revolution," the world revolutionary peoples remark that the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung shows "the most correct path all should follow in the international communist movement and the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle" and pluck up boundless courage and inspiration therefrom.

The Korean people regard such deep trust put in Comrade Kim Il Sung and profound respect for him shown by the world revolutionary people as a manifestation of their loyalty to the cause of world revolution and as a most concentric and loftiest expression of the international solidarity with our people and our revolutionary cause. They treasure them immensely.

The World Conference of Journalists against U.S. Imperialist Aggression held in Pyongyang in September last year was attended by 114 delegations from 90 countries on the five continents and the delegates of the 13 international democratic organizations, 221 in all, and this fact clearly demonstrated once again to the world how great and mighty was the international support to our people's struggle.

Last year we newly established state relations with the Sudan, Chad, the Central African Republic, Zambia, Equatorial Guinea, Singapore, Nepal and other newly independent countries in Asia and Africa, and further strengthened the bonds of friendship with a large number of other countries.

As a result, the international position of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was enhanced further still and it came to have many friends in the international arena as well as many supporters to our struggle for the independent unification of the country, the supreme national task of our people.

The feeling of unbounded admiration and respect of the world people for Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, grew still further and international solidarity with the Korean revolution further strengthened. Indeed, this was one of the important characters in the development of our external relations in the past year.

(2)

The respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"The peoples of the countries making revolution should join efforts to tear left and right arms from U.S. imperialism, tear off its left and right legs and behead it eventually everywhere it stretches out its crooked hands of aggression. The U.S. imperialists are bluffing now, but when the revolutionary peoples of the world join in dismembering them, the U.S. imperialists will become impotent and bite the dust in the end."

Another highlight in the development of international situation in 1969 was that the revolutionary peoples of the world waged a fiercer struggle for limbing the U.S. imperialists, the ringleader of aggression and war and the common enemy of the people of the whole world.

In an attempt to rid themselves of a bad fix, the pack of rascals headed by Nixon, an "anti-communist" war maniac who showed himself to be the boss of U.S. imperialism early last year, further stepped up their manoeuvrings for aggression and war in Asia, the Near and Middle East and other parts of the world behind the screen of deceptive "peace" and "negotiation" clamours, while temporarily easing tension in Europe.

Convincing proof of this was provided by their undisguised scheme for another war of aggression in Korea, intensified war of destruction in Vietnam, nefarious blockade policy and all hues of villainous sabotage and wrecking activities against Cuba, further increased political and military aid to the Israeli expansionists, stirring up of a new aggressive war against the Arab peoples and intensified machinations for aggression in the newly independent countries in Africa and frequent plots against governments there.

The U.S. imperialists led the situation even to the "brink of a war" by making such feverish war rackets one after another as the war exercise nicknamed "Focus Retina" and the incident of the large spy plane "EC-121," while stepping up the acts of military provocation along the Military Demarcation Line of Korea as never before.

But our heroic people and People's Army that fortified the whole country and were armed with the "a-match-for-a-hundred" spirit under the wise guidance of the Leader shattered the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war at every step and administered a mortal blow to the rascals.

The heroic People's Army downed at a shot the U.S. imperialists' spy plane "EC-121" which had intruded deep into the territorial air of our country in April and captured their military plane that violated the territorial air of our side in August last year. In this way, the Korean people burst once again the "myth" about the "mightiness" of U.S. imperialism to smithereens and inspired the world people to a powerful anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

The heroic Vietnamese people won a new great victory in their anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle.

Encouraged by the struggle and support on the part of the people of North Vietnam, the People's Liberation Armed Forces and people of South Vietnam launched one offensive after another from spring to autumn last year and thus drove the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys into the morass of a serious irretrievable defeat. Along with the armed struggle, they waged a vigorous political struggle and set up the revolutionary governments down to the provinces which culminated in the establishment of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam, their genuine lawful representative.

The patriotic armed forces and people of Laos won victories; they frustrated the U.S. imperialists' frantic machinations for a "special war" designed to capture the liberated areas, wiped out a large number of the enemy and newly liberated the key points of strategic importance always taking the initiative in the war.

The armed struggle against U.S. imperialism and its stooges expanded and developed on a larger scale in Thailand, Malaysia, the Philippines and other parts of southeast Asia.

In order to provide against the U.S. imperialists' intensified scheme for a war of aggression in the Arab countries, the Arab peoples branded the U.S. imperialists as target No. 1 in their struggle. Their struggle has now entered the stage of an active liberation war for sweeping away the U.S. imperialists and their stooges the Israeli expansionists, restoring the occupied Arab territories and liberating Palestine.

The Palestinian people in particular developed their liberation struggle onto an over-all guerilla warfare and dealt serious blows in succession at the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists.

The overthrowing of the old regimes and the establishment of new progressive revolutionary governments in Libya, the Sudan and Somalia were the events of epoch-making significance in the development of the situation in Africa and the Near and Middle East.

The revolutionary governments established in these countries, holding aloft the banner of anti-imperialism and independence, took a series of progressive measures in succession—abolition of the aggressive military bases of the imperialists headed by U.S.

(Continued on Page 7)

Wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors everywhere in the world!

(Continued from Page 6)

imperialism, abrogation of the shackling economic agreements and other active measures for the development of the national economy and national culture. All these steps were a terrible blow to the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists and made a contribution to strengthening the anti-imperialist, revolutionary forces of the world.

Holding high the banner of anti-imperialism, anti-U.S. imperialism and independence, a large number of the progressive newborn independent countries in the Near and Middle East and Africa unfolded a dynamic struggle for consolidating their national independence and achieving social progress. On the other hand, the armed struggle grew in scope and strength in Mozambique, Angola, Zimbabwe, Portuguese Guinea which are still groaning under the colonialist yoke.

In Latin America, too, the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle was unfolded fiercely.

The Cuban people scored more brilliant successes in the socialist revolution and construction foiling nefarious aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists at every step. Greatly inspired by the heroic struggle of the Cuban people, the peoples of many Latin American countries including Venezuela, Guatemala, Uruguay, Colombia, Bolivia and Peru kept up a fierce armed struggle against U.S. imperialism and the pro-U.S. dictatorial regime and for national liberation and freedom.

One of the important characters in the development of the international situation last year was that anti-U.S. sentiments mounted as never before on a world-wide scale and massive struggle against the U.S. imperialists' policy of aggression and war was waged vigorously in all parts of the world.

The large-scale struggle of the Japanese people waged against the policy of aggression and war pursued by the U.S. and Japanese imperialists and for the abrogation of the U.S.-Japan "Security Pact" and in demand of the immediate, unconditional and complete return of Okinawa, the anti-U.S. imperialist demonstration staged by the peoples of the Philippines, Australia, Thailand, Malaysia and New Zealand in opposition to and in denunciation of the war monger Nixon's tour of Asia, the struggle of the citizens of Brussels, London, West Berlin, Rome and Paris against Nixon's tour of Europe and various forms of anti-U.S. imperialist struggle against the tour of Rockefeller, special envoy of war maniac Nixon, in many Latin American countries—all this shows that the U.S. imperialists can no longer act as they please even in their allies and vassal states.

1969 was indeed a year when the strong floodtide of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle swept the whole world and a year when the imperialists led by U.S. imperialists suffered still heavier blows at the hands of the revolutionary peoples of the three continents and the world peoples and were driven ever deeper into blind impasse.

(3)

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"In the imperialist world the political and economic crises are getting ever more serious day after day, and the contradictions between the imperialist powers in their struggle for markets and spheres of influence are growing more acute.

"The imperialists are hard hit from within and without, and driven further into a blind alley."

Last year the U.S. imperialists were dealt heavy blows not only in all parts of the world but also in their mainland.

The active advancement of the working class of the United States including the general strike of 75,000 longshoremen on the eastern and southeastern coasts which brought many ports to a complete standstill, the struggle of Negroes against racial discrimination and for freedom and liberation which assumed the nature of massive armed riot, and especially the powerful anti-war movement of the American people last year against the U.S. imperialist war of aggression in Vietnam, the biggest of its kind in the history of the United States—all this was a staggering blow to the war boss Nixon and his clique.

As the large-scale anti-war struggle in October and November last shows, this struggle never narrowed down to a mere peace movement; it gradually assumed the nature of riot and organized form. People encircled and raided ruling organs of U.S. imperialism and fought bloody gun battles with army and policemen.

Not only in political field. The U.S. imperialists were also confronted with a great economic crisis. Stagnation of production became a general phenomenon. Economic crisis grew more acute. This found a striking expression in currency inflation, rise in prices, international red balance and further aggravated dollar crisis.

With the intensified contradictions and conflicts among the imperialist powers, U.S. imperialism became more isolated.

"Europe by Europeans"—under this slogan France held fast to the line of "de Gaullism" in confrontation with the Nixon clique. Canada openly challenged the "bidding policy" of the U.S. imperialists by declaring the withdrawal of her troops stationed in Europe.

Turkey as a member state of the NATO and CENTO, which meekly followed the war policy of the U.S. imperialists in the past, openly demanded the revision or abrogation of scores of bilateral agreements concluded with the U.S. imperialists, and the Philippines, too, came forward in demand of reexamination of the bilateral agreements concluded with the U.S. imperialists and return of military bases.

A tendency to reject the "bidding policy" of the U.S. imperialists was seen also in the satellite countries in Latin America.

All this was another blow to the U.S. imperialists who were feverishly attempting to whip together the imperialist countries and satellites for the implementation of their policy of aggression and war.

Also noteworthy in the development of international situation last year was that the labour movement swept over the capitalist countries like a forest fire. To name a few, the general strike of longshoremen in England, the general strike of 10 million working people in France and the three consecutive general strikes in Italy involving a record figure of 20 million. The daily mounting labour movement has further aggravated the crisis of capitalism and hastened the ruin of imperialism.

The whole course of the development of international situation in 1969 substantiated once again the basic trend of our times: the general situation is developing in favour of socialism and the revolutionary forces and to the disadvantage of imperialism and the reactionary forces.

Last year, the revolutionary peoples of the world further expanded and intensified their anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle, won a new great victory, and drove U.S. imperialism deeper into a quagmire of ruin, thus summing up the 1960's brilliantly.

The 1970's will become a decade of new victory in the struggle for hastening the final victory of anti-imperialist national-liberation struggle, the victory of the cause of socialism and communism, and the doomsday of imperialism led by U.S. imperialism.

Revolutionary peoples of the world, unite and dismember U.S. imperialism, the inveterate common enemy of mankind.

Li Jip

Korean People Resolutely Support the Anti-U.S. Imperialist Stand of the Royal Government and People of Cambodia and

Sternly Denounce with Surging Indignation Piratical Acts of U.S. Imperialist Aggressors

Public Organizations of Our Country Issue Joint Statement

Public organizations of our country issued a joint statement on January 6 denouncing the U.S. imperialists who are viciously perpetrating brigandish acts of aggression against Cambodia of late.

The joint statement made public by the Democratic Front for the Unification of the Fatherland, General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea, League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, Democratic Women's Union of Korea and Korea-Cambodia Friendship Association exposed in all nakedness the recent continued acts of brigandish aggression perpetrated by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, South Vietnamese puppet clique, against Cambodia in a vicious way.

The joint statement recalled that the Royal Government of Cambodia sent notes of protest to the clique of Nixon, the war boss of U.S. imperialism, on over ten occasions in December last alone in connection with the repeated aggressive acts of U.S. imperialism and resolutely denounced the bestial atrocities of U.S. imperialism.

Nevertheless, the blood-thirsty U.S. imperialists are persisting in their heinous aggressive acts against Cambodia, violating her territorial integrity and sovereignty, the joint statement stressed.

The entire Korean people resolutely support the anti-U.S. imperialist stand of the Royal Government of Cambodia and the Cambodian people manifested in the notes of protest of the Royal Government of Cambodia and the statement of the National Assembly of Cambodia and bitterly denounce with surging indignation the brigandish acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the joint statement noted.

It continued:

The U.S. imperialists are trying to intimidate the Cambodian people and make them shrink back from opposing the U.S. imperialist policies of aggression and war by further intensifying aggression and provocations against neutral Cambodia.

This, the joint statement noted, only lays bare all the more fully the ugly nature of the beasts as the main force of aggression and war and the most ferocious enemy of mankind and evokes among the Cambodian people more bitter hatred and hostility against the U.S. imperialists.

It went on:

The Cambodian people are a courageous people who fought against foreign aggressors. The Cambodian people under the leadership of Prince Norodom Sihanouk are gallantly fighting to resolutely safeguard national dignity and sovereignty in face of the aggressive manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism.

The struggle of the Cambodian people is a just struggle against the aggression of U.S. imperialism and for defending national independence and territorial integrity and for peace in Asia.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"Our people support the righteous struggle of the Cambodian people against the aggression and intervention of U.S. imperialism and its stooges, for independence, neutrality and territorial integrity."

The entire Korean people solemnly state that they will continue as ever to do everything in their power to support and encourage the just struggle of the Cambodian people of Sangkum against U.S. imperialism and its stooges and for defending national independence and sovereignty.

The U.S. imperialists must immediately stop the brigandish acts of aggression and provocation against Cambodia, the joint statement stressed. It said in conclusion:

If the U.S. imperialists persist in their reckless aggressive manoeuvres against Cambodia in defiance of the unanimous denunciation of the Cambodian people and the peoples the world over, they will be unable to escape a more shameful defeat.

The Korean people respect the independence and sovereignty of Cambodia and recognize her territorial integrity within the present boundaries and will always stand on the side of the Cambodian people fighting against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

We Salute Zanzibari People on the 6th Anniversary of Victorious Revolution

January 12 this year marks the 6th anniversary of the victorious Zanzibari revolution. On this day the Zanzibari people overthrew the reactionary feudal monarchy and proclaimed the People's Republic.

On this occasion, the Korean people extend warm felicitations to the Zanzibari people.

After the triumphant revolution, the Zanzibari people further consolidated the victory of the revolution by forming the United Republic of Tanzania with Tanganyika, and scored many successes in their struggle for doing away with the aftermath of protracted colonial domination and building a national economy and national culture.

In the country the political and economic footholds of the reactionaries at home and abroad for subversive and sabotaging acts have been remarkably eliminated.

Land, plantations, factories and enterprises have been all nationalized, and state administration and economic management are undertaken exclusively by the Zanzibari people themselves.

Agriculture, the foundation of the country's economy, has made great advance.

Agricultural co-operatives and state farms have been set up and the rural economy is being diversified.

The sown area has been expanded and irrigation projects have been conducted extensively, with the result that grain harvest has increased.

In the past six years, great progress has been made also in the founding of a national industry. Many new factories and enterprises have sprung up.

A fine success has been attained in the fields of education and culture, too.

Education has been turned into a national one, and illiteracy has been wiped out considerably.

Public health service has made progress as well.

All these successes achieved by the Zanzibari people in building a new life after the revolution are a fruition of the struggle fought by the Tanzanian people for the consolidation of national independence and national prosperity and against imperialism and colonialism under the slogan of anti-imperialism, independence and self-reliance, and have made a great contribution to increasing the strength of the United Republic of Tanzania. They are also a heavy blow to the imperialists and colonialists headed by the U.S. imperialists who have committed all sorts of subversive machinations raving that the Zanzibari people can neither govern the state nor run the economy.

The Korean people rejoice over and hail the successes the Zanzibari people have attained in their struggle for consolidating the victory of the revolution and building a new life.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"U.S. imperialism is the chief enemy of peace, democracy, national independence and socialism. U.S. imperialism is going downhill, but it has not yet desisted from its aggressive ambition and is revealing its brigandish nature more and more openly." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 581.)

The cunning, wicked U.S. imperialists, far from drawing lessons from the blows they suffered from the struggle of the Zanzibari people, have been trying frantically to re-penetrate into that country with their "aid" as a bait.

But, each time their machinations met with fiasco in face of the awakened Zanzibari people's struggle.

No imperialist aggressive forces can stem the struggle of the Zanzibari people for the just cause.

The Korean people, who are vigorously fighting for the promotion of the socialist construction and for the independent unification of the country under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, believe that the relations of friendship and co-operation formed between the peoples of the two countries in their anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist common struggle will further strengthen and develop in future, and wish the Zanzibari people a new success in their struggle for the building of a new life.

Chad Steering for Anti-Imperialism and Independence

On January 11, the people of Chad observe the 10th anniversary of the country's independence, which was won by them after a prolonged struggle against foreign imperialist aggressors.

On this occasion, the Korean people send warm felicitations to the people of Chad.

The independence of Chad was a historic event which opened up a new phase in the life of that country's people.

Under the slogan "Political independence must be complemented by economic independence," the people of Chad have since the independence waged a struggle for clearing the country of the grim aftermath of colonial domination and for building a national economy and national culture.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"A people who have won independence should actively strive to crush the subversive manoeuvrings of foreign imperialism and domestic reactionary forces and tear down the colonial ruling machine of imperialism, demolish and wipe out the economic foothold of imperialism and domestic reaction, strengthen the revolutionary forces and establish a progressive social system, and build an independent national economy and national culture."

("The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Is the Banner of Freedom and Independence for Our People and the Powerful Weapon of Building Socialism and Communism," p. 40.)

Taking their way towards anti-imperialism and independence, the government and people of the Republic of Chad have taken a series of progressive measures. They have expelled foreigners from the state administrative and economic organs and staffed them with Africans, and thus removed the political and economic footholds of the enemy remarkably and created favorable conditions for the development of the national economy.

The people of Chad are scoring many good results in the execution of the first five-year economic development plan for rural construction and progress of animal husbandry.

In the fields of education and culture, too, numerous successes have been recorded.

The people of Chad, while consolidating their national independence and defending the sovereignty, support the Afro-Asian peoples in their struggle for freedom and liberation against imperialism, colonialism and racism, and strive to promote the relations of co-operation with all the countries which respect their national independence and sovereignty.

In particular, the people of Chad support the just cause of the Korean people for forcing the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and for unifying the country independently.

The anti-imperialist and independent policy of the people of Chad constitutes a great contribution to the strengthening of the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces in Africa and a blow to the imperialists led by U.S. imperialism who attempt to enslave the new-born independent countries again.

The Korean people resolutely support the anti-imperialist, independent stand of the people of Chad and heartily rejoice over the successes they attained in their struggle for the consolidation of national independence and national prosperity.

The relations of friendship and co-operation formed between the Korean people and the people of Chad in their anti-imperialist struggle has been further cemented and developed since the diplomatic relations of ambassadorial level were established between the two countries last year.

The Korean people will make active efforts in future, too, to promote the relations of friendship and co-operation with the people of Chad and wish them a greater success in their righteous cause.

Kim Byong Sam

War Jargon of the Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique, Faithful Stooges of U.S. Imperialism

In his answers to the questions raised by the correspondent of the Lebanese newspaper "Al Anwar," Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"Owing to the naked aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists, the situation in Korea is extremely tense and a dangerous situation has been created in which war may break out at any moment in our country."

The U.S. imperialists are trying to further intensify in the New Year their criminal manoeuvres to ignite a new war of aggression in Korea. It was clearly revealed in the "New Year's message," a war message, which the rascals made their faithful servants Pak Jung Hi puppet clique announce with the start of the New Year.

According to a press report from Seoul in South Korea, in their "New Year's message" issued on January 1 and 2 the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the most faithful, mangy dogs of U.S. imperialism, made their criminal, traitorous "resolve" to carry out more "faithfully" their master's policy of aggression and war in the New Year.

The dirty running dogs of U.S. imperialism clamoured that in the New Year they would exert every effort to "build up the combat strength on the basis of arming with the spirit of anti-communism."

By this they meant that on instructions of U.S. imperialism they would frantically step up their efforts to create a war atmosphere in South Korea, increase the puppet army and mobilize all the manpower and material resources in South Korea for the war purpose.

Blurting out a part of their plan to intensify war preparations, the rascals blabbed about "reinforcing" the equipment of the puppet army, stepping up the conversion of all the men of the puppet army into "combat effectives" so as to use them as cannon fodder for aggression and about giving greater spurs to "fully arming the Homeland Reserve Force." They also clamoured about newly building or expanding military roads and harbours and other military set-ups in this year, too, to reduce the whole land of South Korea into a war base.

The scoundrels blew a powder-reeking trumpet about a criminal fratricidal war, prattling that it is their "policy" in the New Year and their "blueprint of the 70's" to "secure the constant superiority of strength" by stepping up a series of war preparations.

The traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique also twaddled about their role as the cat's-paws to continue to execute faithfully the U.S. imperialists' policy of aggression as a whole.

All these clearly show that the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are viciously scheming to promote more frantically the preparations for an aggressive war against the northern half of the Republic in the New Year. But these are nothing but a last-ditch struggle of those whose days are numbered.

The U.S. imperialists and their lackeys are seeking the way out of the ever worsening crisis of the colonial rule over South Korea in the policy of aggression and war relying on the brutal fascist suppression of the people.

Last year, too, the rascals intensified their policy of aggression and war for unleashing a new war in Korea.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors who have been hell-bent on the provocation of a new war are whipping up the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their faithful henchmen, to stepping up their efforts for war preparations from the outset of the New Year.

In their "New Year's message" the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the arch traitors, openly blared that they would realize their ambition of long-term "office" by all means.

Describing treachery as "patriotism" and twaddling about "economic independence," the traitors laid bare in all its nakedness their sinister design to create a favourable atmosphere for implementing their long-term "office" scheme, and cruelly repress all the forces opposing their long-term "office."

With no amount of sweet words, however, can the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the dirty stooges of U.S. imperialism, save themselves from their doom.

The South Korean people will never fail to wipe out the U.S. imperialists and their stooges who are imposing all sorts of misfortunes and hardships upon them for their policy of aggression and war, and to win genuine freedom and liberation and their right to live.

Kim Pyong

Reactionary Sato Clique of Japan Must Not Behave Rashly

The reactionary Sato clique of Japan on the instructions of U.S. imperialism are railing at the Korean people these days, revealing their ambition of aggression against our country in all its nakedness.

Recently the reactionary Japanese government in its reply to the "questions" at the Diet made the brigandish remarks: "The Japanese government will approve the United States' free military operations from Japan in case an 'armed conflict' takes place in Korea;" "It does not go beyond the authority of the Japanese 'Self-Defence Forces' to participate in the military operations outside the Japanese territory and the Japanese territorial waters and air to cope with such a situation and it is not prohibited by the constitution."

This is, in the full sense of the term, an open declaration that the Japanese militarists, in case U.S. imperialism unleashes another aggressive war in Korea, will offer the Japanese territory as the military operation base of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army and that the Japanese "Self-Defence Forces" will invade our country in concert with the U.S. imperialist aggressor army.

Such a machination of the Japanese militarists is a new, serious aggressive provocation against the Korean people and is an outright challenge to peace and security in the Far East and Asia.

It also clearly shows that the U.S. and Japanese imperialists are more openly attempting a military adventure to provoke another aggressive war in Korea and that it has already reached the serious stage of practice.

With towering indignation the Korean people scathingly lash at the Japanese militarists for their reckless aggressive design against our country and for their ever-intensified systematic aggressive manoeuvrings.

As is generally known to the world, in November last Sato of Japan called on his master Nixon, the boss of U.S. imperialism, and had a "talk" with him. And he pledged that he would actively "contribute" to the implementation of the U.S. imperialists' policy of aggression and war and particularly their new policy of aggression against Asia and "remain faithful" to him. From Nixon he received a concrete assignment for aggression and instructions on military action.

These days the reactionary Sato clique of Japan are noisily talking about "a new era in the U.S.-Japan relations," "Japan and South Korea are one" and about the "leading role of Japan in maintaining security in the Far East." And they bluster that "as the security of Japan is directly linked up with that of South Korea, Japan will automatically acknowledge the mobilization of U.S. troops from the Japanese bases for the defence of South Korea" and that Japan will dispatch the aggressive "Self-Defence Forces" to the Korean front "at once". All this furnishes ample evidence of the fact that these scoundrels are more unscrupulously trying to faithfully implement the instructions given by their master, the U.S. imperialists.

The U.S. imperialists and the Japanese reactionaries who are in subordinate alliance with the former for their common interests for aggression against Korea and Asia, together with the South Korean puppets, are frantically trying to further strengthen the tripartite military alliance and perfect the system of joint military aggression with the immediate aim of invading our country. The Japanese militarists seek to use the aggressive "Self-Defence Forces" as the "shock brigade" and offer the whole territory of Japan including Okinawa as the U.S. imperialists' operation base and transit supply base for the aggression against our country.

The recent outbursts of the reactionary Sato clique against the Korean people prove that the Japanese militarists, as the active conspirator and accomplice in the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvring for provoking another aggressive war in Korea, are now stepping up military preparations for re-aggression against Korea in real earnest. Moreover, they pursue a sinister political aim to justify their machination for re-invasion of Korea and make it a fait accompli before the world and draw many people in their aggressive war.

In the past, the Japanese militarists with the backing of U.S. imperialism invaded Asia, beginning with Korean aggression. Today, too, they, faithfully serving as the "shock-brigade" of U.S. imperialism for Asian aggression, are trying to realize their old dream of a "Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere" beginning with Korean aggression.

U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism were and are the atrocious sworn enemy of the Korean and the Asian peoples.

Oblivious of the bitter lessons of history, the Japanese militarists are following the footsteps of Hirobumi Ito and Hideki Tojo, the aggressive villains who already met a miserable end.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"Korea today is not the Korea of yesterday, and today's Asia is not the Asia of yesterday. If the Japanese militarists launch out on re-aggression against Korea and Asia in disregard of the lessons of history, they will perish in the flames they kindle themselves." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, pp. 402-3.)

The Korean people are fully prepared to cope with the aggressive war of the U.S. and Japanese imperialists. Should the enemies unleash another war of aggression against our people, we will inflict annihilating retaliatory blows upon them and sweep them off and unify the country.

The Japanese militarists must not run rashly under the aegis of U.S. imperialism and must stop at once all their machinations for aggression and war against the Korean people.

Pak Ung Gil

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